Plow that Broke the Plains script

This is a record of land... of soil, rather than people a story of the Great Plains: the 400,000,000 acres of wind-swept grass lands that spread up from the Texas Panhandle to Canada... A high, treeless continent, without rivers, without streams... A country of high winds, and sun... and of little rain ... By 1880 we had cleared the Indian, and with him, the buffalo, from the Great Plains, and established the last frontier... A half million square miles of natural range... This is a picturization of what we did with it.

II: GRASS

The grass lands... a treeless wind-swept continent of grass stretching from the broad Texan Panhandle up through mountain reaches of Montana and to the Canadian Border. A country of high winds and sun... High winds and sun... without rivers, without streams, with little rain.

III. CATTLE

First came the cattle... an unfenced range a thousand miles long... an uncharted ocean of grass, the southern range for winter grazing and the mountain plateaus for summer. It was a cattleman's Paradise. Up from the Rio Grande... in from the rolling prairies... down clear from the eastern highlands the cattle rolled into the old buffalo range. Fortunes in beef.

For a decade the world discovered the grass lands and poured cattle into the plains.

The railroads brought markets to the edge of the plains... land syndicates sprang up overnight and the cattle rolled into the West. **IV: HOMESTEADERS**

The railroad brought the world into the plains ...new populations, new needs crowded the last frontier. Once again the plowman followed the herder and the pioneer came to the plains. Make way for the plowman! The first fence. Progress came to the plain. Two hundred miles from water, two hundred miles from home, but the land is new. High winds and sun... High winds and sun... a country without rivers and with little rain. Settler, plow at your peril! V: WARNING

Many were disappointed. The rains failed... and the sun baked the light soil. Many left...they fought the loneliness and the hard years... But the rains failed them. VI: WAR

Many were disappointed, but the great day was coming...the day of new causesnew profits-new hopes. "Wheat will win the war!" "Plant wheat..." "Plant wheat..." "Plant the cattle ranges..." "Plant your vacant lots...plant wheat!" Wheat for the boys over there!" "Wheat for the boys over there!" "Wheat for the Allies!" "Wheat for the British!" "Wheat for the Belgians!" "Wheat for the French!" "Wheat at any price..."

VII: BLUES

Then we reaped the golden harvest... then we really plowed the plains... we fumed under millions of new acres for war wheat. We had the man-power... we invented new machinery... the world was our market. By 1933 the old grass lands had become the new wheat lands...a hundred million acres... two hundred million acres... More wheat! VIII: DROUGHT

A country without rivers...without streams... with little rain... Once again the rains held off and the sun baked the earth. This time no grass held moisture against the winds and the sun...this time millions of acres of plowed land lay open to the sun.

IX: DEVASTATION

Baked out-blown out-and broke! Year in, year out, uncomplaining they fought the worst drought in history... their stock choked to death on the barren land... their homes were nightmares of swirling dust night and day. Many went ahead of it-but many stayed until stock, machinery, homes, credit, food, and even hope were gone. On to the West! Once again they headed for the setting sun Once again they headed West. Last year in every summer month 50,000 people left the Great Plains and hit the highways for the Pacific Coast, the last border. Blown out-baked out-and broke. . . nothing to stay for. . . nothing to hope for . . . homeless, penniless and bewildered they joined the great army of the highways. No place to go . . . and no place to stop.

Nothing to eat . . . nothing to do . . .

their homes on four wheels . . . their work a

desperate gamble for a day's labor in the fields along the highways. . .

The price of a sack of beans or a tank of gas

All they ask is a chance to start over

And a chance for their children to eat.

to have medical care, to have homes again.

50,000 a month!

The sun and winds wrote the most tragic chapter

in American agriculture.

The last reel begins after the shot of the barbed wire bird's nest:

Then the film enters a fact-distribution phase. No more music, but text which appears within the borders of the Great Plains outline established at the opening of the film

"400,000,000 acres. The Great Plains seemed inexhaustible.

Yet in fifty years we turned a part of it into a dustbowl.

We put too many cattle and sheep into it.

We granted homesteads on rangeland that never should have been plowed. We tore up grass for war wheat.

We invented new machinery making it possible for one man cheaply to plow thousands of acres.

An unprecedented drought completed the havoc.

There was no grass left to hold the light soil against the light winds.

A fifty-year record. 40,000,000 acres of land ruined perhaps forever. Two hundred million acres badly damaged.

The great part of this vast area of damaged land can be saved, and the federal government has worked strenuously during the past few years to restore these lands. The Soil Conservation Service, the Forest Service, the CCC and the Resettlement Administration are cooperating with the Department of Agriculture in working sixty-five land improvement projects in the plains.

The Resettlement Administration will take title to 5,800,000 acres of this land and put it to its proper agricultural use.

On a second front, the federal government is working to rehabilitate the stricken farmers of the drought area. Various emergency agencies have distributed millions of dollars of direct relief and thousands of farmers from dire poverty [sic]. The Resettlement Administration has loaned millions to farmers whose lands were not damaged beyond repair but who needed seed, farm equipment, and credit in order to carry on.

Most important, the Resettlement Administration is taking over 4,500 farms in the drought area, and it will move families from this land that cannot be farmed into natural agricultural districts. Model farm strips, such as this one being constructed in Nebraska, are being built to house these resettled farmers, and they not only will

be paid for their old farms, but they will be given a chance to buy their new homes on long- term credit. [The film shows a lovely house in a field, trucks, obviously on their way to build more homes like it pass by the foreground at regular intervals, gives way to shots of men building these modern two-story homes with shutters, and windows, and chimneys.] Modern equipment, irrigation, good land, electricity, sanitation, schools: the Resettlement Administration is bringing these benefits to thousands who were left stranded and without hope.

[music begins] The camera pans across the lovely area of farms

But the winds still blow [back to shots of the dust and sand blowing. and the sun still bakes the land. We must practice control and conservation if we are to save the rest of the grass. The rains will come again. The plow will dig again. Another decade of reckless use and the grasslands will truly be the great American desert. Fades on wheat with the new home in the background.